A WARNING AGAINST THE PERIL OF DRIFTING THROUGH NEGLECT Hebr. 2:1-4

- I. The Connection Of Warning. "Therefore" refers to all that has gone before or in the light of Christ's superiority in divine revelation and over angels.
- II. The Necessity Of The Warning. "We laugh" or "It behooves us more abundantly" or "we must give need." We have a greater responsibility than 0. T. saints to give heed.
- III. The Seriousness Of The Warning. "Lest haply we drift away from them" or "Lest we should glide by them." The figures here is that of a boat drifting beyond its rightful place of anchorage with no captain, crew, pars, or sails, but its fate is left to the winds and currents of the sea.
 - IV. The Reasons Upon Which The Warning Is Based.
 - a. Transgressors, or those who disregarded the law were punished.
 - b. Disobedience, or those who neglected the law were punished.
 - c. He concludes if we were punished, how much more would those who neglected the gospel be punished.
 - V. The Justification Of The Warning.
 - a. Judgment followed swiftly upon those who disobeyed the fonfirmed word spoken by angels, and he reasoned that justification would demand swifter judgment for those who neglected the gospel.

b. God would be justified in administering the punishment because the gospel:

(1) Was given not through angels but through His Son or the Lord.

(2) It was confirmed by them who heard Him. Disciplies, apolities, etc.

(3) It was confirmed by God with:

a. Tokens of God's seal of the person. Tone and voice b. Wonders. Astonishing events which the beholder can reduce to no law with which he is acquainted.

c. Drivers Miracles. Healing, raising the dead, etc. d. Gifts of the Holy Ghost. Tongues, interpretation,

discernment, etc. e. According to His own will. It was God's own chosen affair.

f. Great salvation. For surpassing anything in the Old Covenant .